Balancing Chemical Equations

A chemical reaction is a rearrangement of atoms. Both sides of the equation must have the same type of atoms and the same number of each type of atom due to conservation of mass.

1. Balance the following equations:

NaOH (aq) + Cl_2 (aq) \rightarrow NaOCl (aq) + NaCl (aq) + H_2O (l)

 $CaCN_{2}(s) + H_{2}O(l) \rightarrow CaCO_{3}(s) + NH_{3}(aq)$

 $C_{6}H_{14}(l) + O_{2}(g) \rightarrow CO_{2}(g) + H_{2}O(l)$

 $CaC_2(s) + H_2O(l) \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2(aq) + C_2H_2(g)$

 $Mg(s) + HNO_3(aq) \rightarrow H_2(g) + Mg(NO_3)_2(aq)$

2. Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction of solid calcium phosphate with solid silicon dioxide and solid carbon to produce tetratomic phosphorous, P_4 , wollastonite (CaSiO₃), and carbon monoxide gas.