## Percentage and Parts per Million

1. There are a total of 58 students in a class. The last exam had $35 \%$ receive an $A, 24 \%$ receive a $B$, and the remaining students received a $C$. How many $C$ 's were received?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 100 \%-(35 \%+24 \%)=41 \% \text { received a } C . \\
& 41 / 100=0.41 \\
& 0.41 \times 58=24 \text { students received a } C .
\end{aligned}
$$

2. A gaming club has $35 \%$ more gamers in Level 1 than in Level 2. There are a total of 145 gamers in Level 1. How many gamers are in Level 2?

The percentage of gamers in level 1 is $100 \%+35 \%=135 \%$
$135 / 100=1.35$ We can use $1.35 x$ to represent the number in
Level 1. So, $1.35 x=145$. Solve for $x . x=107$ gamers in Level 2.
3. A compound, $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ (baking soda) has a mass of 84.0 g . The percent by mass of Na is $27.4 \%, \mathrm{C}$ is $14.3 \%$, and H is $1.20 \%$. What is the percentage of oxygen in the compound?

$$
\% \text { oxygen }=100 \%-(27.4 \%+14.3 \%)=58.3 \%
$$

4. A large creek is located by a steel mill. A 2622 g sample of water was found to contain 0.0075 g of $\mathrm{Cr}^{6+}$ ion. Chromium (VI) ion is a carcinogen. Calculate the following:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { percentage of } \mathrm{Cr}^{6+} \\
& \frac{0.0075 \mathrm{~g}}{2622 \mathrm{~g}} \times 100=\mathbf{0 . 0 0 0 2 9} \% \\
& \text { PPm of } \mathrm{Cr}^{6+} \\
& \frac{0.0075 \mathrm{~g}}{2622 \mathrm{~g}} \times 10^{6}=\mathbf{2 . 9} \mathbf{~ p p m}
\end{aligned}
$$

Ppb of $\mathrm{Cr}^{6+}$

$$
\frac{0.0075 g}{2622 g} \times 10^{9}=2.9 \times 10^{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{p p b}
$$

