## Reaction Order and Rate Law

1. Consider the general reaction,

$$
a A+b B \rightarrow c C+d D
$$

The rate law for this reaction is: rate $=k[A]^{m}[B]^{n}$
If the order with respect to [A] is one and the order with respect to [B] is 2, write the rate law. What is the overall reaction order? What are the units for $k$ ?
2. Consider the following reaction.

$$
\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-}+5 \mathrm{Br}^{-}+6 \mathrm{H}^{+} \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{Br}_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

The rate law is: rate $=k\left[\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-}\right]\left[\mathrm{Br}^{-}\right]\left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]^{2}$
a) what is the order with respect to each reactant?
b) what is the overall order of reaction?
c) by what factor will the rate change if the concentration of [ $\mathrm{BrO}_{3}-$ ] is quadrupled?
d) by what factor will the rate change if the concentration of Br - is decreased by one-half?
e) by what factor will the rate change if $\mathrm{Br}^{-}$and $\mathrm{BrO}_{3}$ - are both doubled?

